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From Tuesday June 6. to Thursday June 8. 1710.

Genoa, May 29. N. S.

ON the 20th Inſtant Sir John Norris arrived with the Fleet at Vado from Cagliari, but laſt of all from Legborn; he came in Company with Monſieur Sommerdyke, Rear-Admiral in the Dutch Service, whoſe Squadron is compoſed of twelve Sail of Men of War, the greateſt part of which are with him at Vado, where he propoſes to ſtay 'till the Troops deſigned to be tranſported to Catalonia are all embarked. On the 24th her Britannick Majeſty's Ship the Elizabeth was detached from the Fleet, and came in here the ſame Night, having two Tranſports under her Convoy. An Engliſh Man of War, called the Chatham, ſent lately into this Port a French Bark laden with Oil. On Tueſday laſt General Zumjungen arrived here from Milan, being ſent by Mareſchal Thaun, to concert with Sir John Norris, and Mr. Chetwynd, the moſt convenient Meaſures for the Embarkation of the Troops that are on their March to Vado. Two Veteran Regiments are gone from Pavia towards that Place, and are expected there on the 6th of June. It is hoped the whole Reinforcement, which conſiſts of ſix thouſand Men, will be embarked before the middle of that Month.

Venice, May 30. N. S. Yeſterday being Aſcenſion-Day, the Doge, accompanied by the Imperial Ambaſſador, and the Nobility of this State, performed the Annual Ceremony of eſpouſing the Sea with the uſual Solemnity: After which the Doge treated thoſe that attended him at Dinner. Several Boats engaged on the Great Canal for the Entertainment of the Spectators, and divers other Diverſions were performed by Perſons in Maſquerade. We are adviſed from Rome, that on the 18th Inſtant, the Marquis de Prié having ſignified to the Pope, that his Imperial Majeſty had appointed him to be his Ambaſſador, demanded an Audience of his Holineſs under that Character. His Excellency was admitted accordingly, and delivered his Credentials; after which the Pope ordered the uſual Preſent of Refreſhments to be ſent him, and the Cardinals Complimented him on this Occaſion. On the 19th the Pope held a Conſiſtory, wherein were read the Letters of the Elector of Mentz, giving an Account of the Abjuration the Duke of Wolfenbuttle had made of the Proteſtant Religion: After which his Holineſs recommended to their Conſideration the Services which Monſignior Albani had done the Church by his Preſence in Germany, and acquainted them with his Deſign to remove to Caſtel-Gandolfo. The next Morning, being the 20th, the Pope went to the Church of St. Peter, and from thence to St. John of the Lateran, where he was received by ſixteen Cardinals, and having taken his Leave of them, he proceeded on his Journey, being accompanied only with the Cardinals Paulucci and Ottoboni, whom he took with him in the Coach, and attended by 12 of the Horſe-Guards, and 40 Swiſs. His Holineſs finds already great Advantages by the Air of Caſtel-Gandolfo, and is therefore reſolved to reſide there 'till the latter end of June. Letters from Naples ſay, that the Regency of that Kingdom had reſolved to exact ten per Cent. of all the Revenues of that Kingdom, that had at any time been heretofore alienated from the Crown, to make good the Deficiencies of the Military Funds; and had alſo obliged the Merchants to pay Monthly Contributions towards the Expences of a Fleet, which they are fitting out, to ſecure the Trade from the Privateers of Sicily and Lipari.

There being ſeveral Clauſes in two Acts of Parliament paſſed the laſt Seſſion for preventing the Running of prohibited and uncuſtomed Goods, and the re-landing of Goods exported by Certificate; it is thought fit, as well to promote her Majeſty's Service, as to prevent Surprize to the Perſons that may be concerned therein, to Publiſh the following Clauſes in this Place.

In the Act for granting to Her Majeſty new Duties of Exciſe, and upon ſeveral Imported Commodities, &c. fol. 122.

AND for preventing the Frauds which may be practiſed in unſhipping, to be landed, any Pepper, Raiſins, Mace, Cinnamon, Cloves, Nutmegs, Snuff, or any other ſort of Goods whatſoever, ſubject to the Payment of Duties, without paying the ſame; as alſo to hinder the Importation of any ſort of prohibited Goods into Great Britain; be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if any Pepper, Raiſins, Mace, Cinnamon, Cloves, Nutmegs, Snuff, or any other ſort of Goods whatſoever, liable to the Payment of Duties, ſhall be unſhipped with Intention to be laid on Land (Cuſtoms, and other Duties, not being firſt paid or ſecured) or if any prohibited Goods whatſoever ſhall be Imported into any part of Great Britain, then not only the ſaid uncuſtomed and prohibited Goods ſhall be forfeited and loſt, but alſo the Perſons who ſhall be aſſiſting, or otherwiſe concerned in unſhipping the ſaid prohibited and uncuſtomed Goods, or to whoſe Hands the ſame ſhall knowingly come, after the unſhipping thereof, ſhall forfeit treble the value thereof, together with the Veſſels and Boats, and all the Horſes and other Cattle and Carriages whatſoever, made uſe of in the Landing, Removing, Carriage or Conveyance of any of the aforeſaid Goods, one Moiety of all which Forfeitures and Penalties ſhall be to the uſe of her Majeſty, and the other Moiety to him or them that will ſeize or ſue for the ſame, to be recovered by Bill, Plaint or Information, wherein no Eſſoign, Protection, or Wager of Law ſhall be allowed.

In the Act for continuing ſeveral Impoſitions, Additional Impoſitions, &c. fol. 217.

And whereas by the Laws of this Realm, every Perſon importing Tobacco, and other Foreign Goods, from any part of Great Britain, is Entitled to a Drawback of part of the Duties paid or ſecured at the Importation thereof; And it hath been found by Experience that great quantities of ſuch Tobacco, and other Foreign Goods, after they have been ſhipped for Exportation, have been privately relanded in this Realm; and the Remedies already provided by Law have not been ſufficient to obviate a Practice ſo very prejudicial to her Majeſty's Revenue, and to all fair and honeſt Traders in ſuch Goods: For the better prevention whereof for the future, be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from and after the 27th of March 1710, in caſe any Tobacco, or other Foreign Goods, contained or ſpecified in any Certificate, whereupon any ſuch Drawback is to be made, or whereupon any Debenture is to be made forth for any ſuch Drawback, ſhall not be really and bona fide ſhipped and exported (the Danger of the Seas and Enemies excepted) or ſhall be landed again in any part of Great Britain, unleſs in caſe of Diſtreſs, to ſave the Goods from Periſhing, which ſhall be preſently made known to the Perſon or Perſons which are, or ſhall be appointed by her Majeſty to manage her Cuſtoms, or principal Officers of the Port, then not only all ſuch Tobacco and other Certificate Goods ſhall be forfeited and loſt, but alſo the Perſon or Perſons (being the Exporters, or any others) who ſhall bring back, or cauſe, or procure to be relanded ſuch Tobacco and other Certificate Goods, or any of them, in any part of Great Britain, or be aſſiſting, or otherwiſe concern-

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